
Whale and dolphin watching in the Azores

ABOUT



Photo: Pedro Madruga

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The Azores, in the middle of the Atlantic Ocean, is an archipelago of nine islands showing nature in its purest state, and one of the largest whale sanctuaries in the world.

Among the resident and migratory species, some common, some rarer, you can see **more than 24 different types of cetaceans in the waters of the Azores**. There are also resident communities such as common **dolphins** and bottlenose dolphins, with which it is possible to swim, and there are **whales** that use the Azores as a migration route. Spotted dolphins, sperm whales, sei whales and baleen whales are more frequent in summer. **Blue whales** can easily be sighted in late winter. One thing is certain: whatever the season, there are always discoveries to be made.

The **Azores are an ecosystem of unique features** and waters rich in fish, so it is not surprising that **whaling was an important activity in the past** in many of the islands. **Today, the whaling tradition has been transformed into a very popular tourist activity**, and there are many points of departure, spread across the various islands, which serve as a base for those who want contact with these enchanting mammals, giving new meaning to the old cry: **"Thar she blows"**.

On the **Island of S. Miguel**, especially in **Ponta Delgada** and **Vila Franca do Campo**, there are several operators specialising in whale watching throughout the year. Blue whales, the largest animals on earth, measuring about 30 metres and weighing up to 150 tons, are frequently sighted in spring in the channel between the islands of S. Miguel and Santa Maria.

On **Terceira** - either in **Angra do Heroísmo** or **Praia da Vitória** - there are various opportunities for whale watching, particularly tourist operators that offer programmes that combine accommodation with sea activities. Of the many species whose migration routes make them visible from the island, the majestic blue whale, which passes between Terceira and S. Jorge in the spring and autumn, is especially worth seeing.

Faial forms the so-called Triangle with S. Jorge and Pico, and the town of **Horta** is today one of the leading and most dynamic centres for observing and studying cetaceans in the archipelago. Several of the whale watching operators in Horta use as guides scientists and technicians connected with the University of the Azores, an institution whose main study and research centres are located here, collaborating with other international universities to conduct various programmes of study of the populations, migrations and routes of these huge marine mammals.

Pico is the island where the Azorean whaling tradition is most established, with operators in Madalena, Lajes and Santo Amaro. There are various museums and ethnographic centres where you can learn more about the history of whaling and where its traditional arts continue to be preserved, most notably the **Whaling Museum and the**

Ocean Arts and Sciences Centre (SIBIL) in Lajes, and the **Whaling Industry Museum** in Santo Amaro.

For anyone wishing to go on one of these adventures, **trips out to sea are thoroughly prepared on land by the skipper**, through explanations to visitors about the various species that it is possible to sight, how the trip will take place and the care and precautions that must be taken not to interfere with marine life.

Don't be discouraged if sea conditions don't allow your whale watching trip to take place. There are several museums and information centres on shore, particularly on the **islands of Pico and Faial**, which provide an interesting and engaging alternative. Another possibility is to visit the whale **lookouts** scattered around strategic points on the various islands, **with amazing panoramic views**.

When whale watching, there **are moments that only occur once in a lifetime, so don't forget your camera to record that unique encounter...** take our word for it, the experience is fantastic and the whole family will love it!
Don't miss

- > swim with the dolphins
- > take your camera with you

USEFUL INFORMATION

Trips usually last for three hours

- The wearing of lifejackets on board is compulsory
- Waterproof jackets and trousers are recommended in certain weather conditions (normally provided by the operators)
- If you are not used to sea travel, take an anti-seasickness pill before boarding as the best way to ensure that your trip will be enjoyable
- You should bring water and light foods such as fruit, sandwiches and energy bars
- See the list of operators and services here:
www.visitazores.com